

FOREIGN NEWS.



ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

New York, April 18. Steamship Europa, with Liverpool dates of April 2, arrived at this port at 6 o'clock this morning.

The departure of the steamer Prince Albert from Galway had been postponed till the 9th of April.

The Europa reports westerly winds the whole passage. She brings 73 passengers.

The second Irish edition trial at Tralee resulted in the conviction of the prisoner, and a sentence of ten years' penal servitude. The Belfast trials were concluded, and the jury locked up, being unable to agree.

Austria had objected to the peace Congress meeting at Baden. France had left the choice of town to Austria. Piedmont is not to be admitted as a Great Power, but on similar conditions to other Italian States.

Count Cavour had returned to Turin. It is said he secured his object with Napoleon.

Military preparations continue.

Late advice from Rio Janeiro state that the American Paraguay difficulty had been suitably adjusted, and mutual explanations followed. A new commercial treaty had been negotiated and Paraguay indemnifies the American Navigation Company.

The details of the news received by the mails from Calcutta of the 25th of February, and from Hong Kong to the 15th of February, add little of interest to the telegraphic accounts already published.

The U. S. frigate Germantown, and the steamers Powhatan and Mississippi, were at Hong Kong.

In the exports of tea from China to the United States there was an increase of 500,000 pounds over the same date last year.

The financial embarrassment of the government is the principal topic of news from India.

The accounts from Cebu China are to January 30. The French Admiral had proceeded, with the flotilla, to commence operations in the South and it was said he intended to attack Saigon, a town which is regarded as the granary of the country, on account of the large trade in rice carried on from it to China.

There was to be besieged as soon as the expected reinforcements arrived.

FRANCE.—The Paris letter-writers were mainly engrossed with speculations as to Count Cavour's visit and its consequences. He is reported to have received Paris full of doubts and misgivings, but after his interviews with the Emperor he became quite buoyant, and, according to rumor, had declared that he had no apprehension of the future, and in fact that he was master of the situation. Cavour was believed to be bent on war, and it was reported that he would not leave Paris till the admission of Piedmont to the Congress was settled one way or the other.

It is said that all officers on leave of absence had received orders to join their regiments.

The Paris *Siècle* suggests that the question of war or peace should be submitted to the vote of the nation.

The Italian refugees in Paris, had, by a deputation, complimented M. Cavour, and assured him of their sympathy for his cause. M. Cavour replied the deputation very graciously, and assured them that he was perfectly satisfied with the result of his visit to Paris.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says that notwithstanding the accelerated and notorious preparations for war, the French journals have greatly moderated their tone, and that this has been done on an invitation from the Minister of the Interior.

A second division of the army of Algeria was shortly to arrive at Masciellas.

PRUSSIA.—Advice from Berlin state that the Prussian Government intends demanding from the Chambers a credit of twelve millions thalers, for increasing the navy and improving the defenses of the coasts of the Baltic and the North Sea.

A CHIEF JUSTICE IN WHITE GLOVES.—Chief Justice Robinson opened Court at Toronto last Monday, and said to the Grand Jury that it gave him great pleasure to announce that instead of the usual calendar of criminal indictments, the Sheriff had that morning presented him with a pair of white gloves, signifying, according to an old English custom, that there were no prisoners to be brought before the present Assizes. His lordship said he did not recollect an occasion, on which it was his pleasing duty to receive a pair of white gloves, since the year 1703—now 51 years ago.

WHAT A DECEIVED HUSBAND ought to do.—The Baltimore *Star*, in some editorial remarks, upon the Sickles tragedy, promulgates the following sensible advice to husbands who are so unfortunate as to be united to woman who have dishonored their marriage vows:—"No married woman can be approached by any man with undue professions of regard, or of affection, but with an instinctive knowledge of his design. Not the slightest impropriety, not the least indelicacy in word or deed, can be thrust upon her observation without starting her honor and putting her on guard. She is at once warned and armed; she has a counselor ever at her side to direct her, and a companion to defend her, in a true and honorable husband. Hence the law esteems her guilt at least equal to that of the most seductive and designing invader of her honor, when she falls.

The married woman is arrayed in the very panoply of virtue and cannot be surprised. She can hardly be said to fall, she steps aside of her own free will and sins deliberately. With these premises can there be any difficulty in answering the question, what a man ought to do in the event supposed? We say just what many a good and true and honest man has done before, and we could name a shining example in the act of one, who well deserves the title of hero and philosopher.

He neither slew the man nor woman. He called the erring wife before him, and bade her take whatever she could rightfully claim as her own, and leave him forever, and then like the hero that he was and is, he pursued manfully the even tenor of his way, and all men honor him. This is what, in our opinion, a man ought to do.

THE TRANSATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—In the British House of Lords, on the 6th, Earl Derby the Prime Minister, made some interesting statements in regard to the aid proposed to be rendered by the Government to the Atlantic Telegraph.

The failure of the first line has put an end to the subsidy granted to the company, and there is a new application for assistance. The Government has decided to grant a conditional guarantee of eight per cent, dividing on the capital to be raised, to continue so long as these works are in progress and efficient. The effect of this will be to attract capital to an enterprise in which there is confidence, by the assurance of a large dividend, while the Government would lose nothing if the enterprise should fail. If successful, the dividend must cover the guarantee. This guarantee is not to be special to this company, but general to all whose affairs will stand on investigation, showing their solvency and their ability to carry out the contract.

An important preliminary condition is made with the present company that their exclusive privileges shall be surrendered, and the Government left free to sanction and assist other companies.—*State of Maine.*

CONTEST BETWEEN NEWSPAPER MEN AND MAGAZINE MEN.—An active rivalry exists at the present time between literary newspapers of the higher class and the *recherché* monthlies, to secure the best and most popular authors to contribute to the amusement, entertainment or instruction of their readers. This is a very pleasing and hopeful feature of the times, for it shows that the public taste for light literature is improving, and weekly papers are under the necessity, if they would become popular and successful, of furnishing a more intellectual and substantial mental ration than they have hitherto dealt out. Our people are not only becoming dainty in literary matters, but merit must be combined with graceful writing, to satisfy their ideas of excellence. This fact seems to be well appreciated by the proprietors of the New York *Mercury*, a well known and popular weekly paper, who have made an engagement with Bayard Taylor, the printer-traveler, to make that paper (apart from his editorial connection with the New York *Tribune*) his sole organ of communication with the public in future, and to contribute to its columns a series of new and novel sketches of travel. The reputation of Mr. Taylor as a man of uncommon talent and a popular writer is too well known to render any commendation of him at our hands necessary. His contributions to the *Mercury* will no doubt entertain and instruct its readers, and increase its popularity. The engagement of Mr. Taylor, however, is only one of the steps taken by the *Mercury* to merit the patronage of the public. Other writers of acknowledged ability, the proprietors announce, will add to the attractions of its pages, while the moral character of that paper will be such as to commend it to general favor.—*Boston Journal.*

SNOW is leaving us rapidly.

The Bethel Courier.

BETHEL, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1859.

A WORD TO YOUNG MEN.

Young men who take no counsel from their elders become just as foolish and weak men as they did thousands of years ago. There are many weakly looking young men at the present day, many of whom have not that kind of bodily labor which their grandfathers enjoyed. What a privilege that was to form a stalwart frame by chopping and piling logs! "No, but it *does* our darling boy to work," and so he, poor boy, must have some easy employment. The poor boy grows up a sickly looking young man, his face is as thin as a buckwheat fritter, and he has not energy enough to engage in any important business, marries a girl, borrows out a few weeks, then hires a room or two, instead of buying an acre of land, dens up one winter, and so far as the world knows anything about him, he is forgotten, while his poor wife is antediluvian.

Learn to be strong, boys, by strong exercise and much labor. No matter if you do feel tired, it will be all the better for you. Put every limb upon the stretch; let candies and other delicacies alone, seek plain food, a plenty of corn bread and milk if you can get it. Be at home evenings reading some good book, or studying some lesson that will be of service to you. Stay at home with your father and mother as long as they will have you. These boys that remain at home till twenty one, will be pretty sure to make noble men. Multitudes of young men grow up at the present day, without thinking a moment of their duty as citizens. Take some evening boys, and see who you think would make a good surveyor of roads, or school agent, and then consider what his duties are, and you will learn to fill the office yourself when old enough.

A WORD TO THE FARMERS.—A seed time is near at hand, we would call attention to Caboon's Broadcast Seed Sower, a machine for sowing all kinds of Grain, Grass Seed, &c. From the numerous Testimonials we have seen of its utility, as also from its working, we are satisfied that it only needs testing to be appreciated. It has taken the first Prizes at the United States Agricultural Fairs: Missouri, Kentucky, Michigan, Pennsylvania and Maine State Fairs, and at numerous other State and County Fairs. The price (\$7.00) brings it within the reach of all, and we are mistaken if it does not pay for itself in a single season.

Gilman Chapman, Esq., Agent for this section, has left one of the machines at our office, and we invite the examination of all interested.

We saw a man from Kennebec this week who is so tall that he never saw his own shadow before, until he happened to be standing between the Sun and one of our highest mountains, when he was astonished to see his whole length on its side. After his astonishment was over, he appeared much pleased. He must have read that excellent paper the Kennebec Journal, to have grown so. These Kennebecers are strange fellows.

We have to take back what we said last week respecting the big amir, Moulton. We learn that such a fellow came to this town a few years since, married into an English family, had two children, and left his wife. We hope the law will do its duty with him.

THE EASTERN TIMES.—This paper printed in Bath, is one of the liveliest papers in Maine. Its Editor must be a fellow that looks at the bright side of things, for he is always getting off some *gil ded* idea of his own. We would go some distance for the privilege of shaking hands with such an Editor, if he would let us. He sees everything, and knows everything.

Rarey, the horse-tamer, is giving lessons in St. Petersburg.

GREAT CELEBRATION.—There is to be a great international celebration at Montreal, next October, to mark the completion of the Victoria Bridge across the St. Lawrence, connected with the Grand Trunk Railroad. The Fire Department are also to signalize the occasion by an independent demonstration of their own, to aid in which they have invited companies from all the Provinces and the United States. A trial of engines will take place, and prizes, larger than any hitherto bestowed in Canada, will be awarded to the three winners—there being a proviso, however, that none of the prizes shall be given to an engine belonging to the Montreal Fire Department, though successful. In addition to the procession to take place during the day, a torch light procession on the first, and a ball or dinner, or visit to the theatre, on the second evening, are spoken of. The Canadians are strong on celebrations, and no one can doubt of the success of this one.

We notice by the proceedings of the City Council of Montreal, April 6th, that a committee was chosen for making all necessary arrangements for the celebration.

NEW GOODS.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mr. F. S. CHANDLER has just returned from Boston with an entire new stock of Goods, of the latest styles, and a fresh lot of Groceries, which we have no doubt he is willing to dispose of at fair prices. The ladies are also invited to call and examine these celebrated Watch Spring Skirts. With an energetic and enterprising proprietor, and attentive and obliging clerks, we bespeak for this firm a generous share of public patronage.

MAINE STATE FAIR.—The Trustees of the Maine State Agricultural Society, have decided to hold the next Show and Fair at Augusta, commencing on the 13th of September, next, and continuing four days.

Those of our readers interested in solving the Enigmas, published in the Courier, are requested to hand in their answers previous to Monday noon of each week, as our outside goes to press at that time. We have received answers to our last which came too late for insertion in their proper place.

COMING BACK.—The Farmington *Chronicle* says, five young men left the town of Jay two weeks ago for the Aroostook county, and last week three of them returned, entirely satisfied with having seen the elephant.

If any of our friends wish for a good article of Soap for the Toilet, or washing clothes, they can find it at the Shoe Store of Mr. D. P. Young, in this village. It is manufactured by Messrs Trowbridge & Smith, Portland, Me. Y. has also just received a new Stock of Custom Boots and Shoes, which all are invited to examine.

BOSTON POST OFFICE.—The Postmaster General has ordered the Post Office Lock to State Street. The rooms, however, cannot be put in readiness for its reception, for some two or three weeks.

CORRECTION.—The report that the "Big Gun" recently landed at New Bedford, from Sebastopol, was the same purchased by Mr. JOHN E. SMALL, of this village, for the Photographing business, we are informed is not correct, as Mr. Small purchased his in Boston. The story probably originated from the fact of its bearing a foreign mark, having been imported from Paris. Arrangements are about concluded for testing the merits of the stranger.

We see that Hasting's Blacksmith Shop is about to be removed from Broad Street to Main Street, and that an elegant dwelling house is to be erected on the spot by Hon. D. Hammons, of this village. We shall miss the old shop and its owner who has so many years faithfully attended to the wants of customers.

Any person who can give any information respecting the services of Revolutionary Soldiers that have ever resided in this town, will confer a favor by forwarding the same to N. Y. T.

LECTURES ON PHRENOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY.—Dr. FRENTZ, a German, has been lecturing to our citizens the present week. Striking out the subject of Phrenology, and there is much valuable matter in his lectures worth hearing. He is a devoted disciple of Gall & Spurzheim, and has a vein of good humor running through all his lectures. He evidently understands human nature well, which is indispensable to a lecturer, and which is more than can be said of many who have attempted to lecture on this science.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.—We are pleased to notice the indications of a revival of business with our friends W. J. Hayden & Co. They have recently fitted up their Store in fine style, and propose, in connection with the Hardware and Store business, putting in a stock of West India Goods and Groceries. We trust they will continue to receive, as they richly deserve, a share of the public patronage.

We hope to see our citizens planning to set out some more shade trees, not only in the village, but in front of every farm House in this vicinity. It is an excellent investment.

It is stated in a recent life of Baron Steuben, that the Commissioned officers of the Revolutionary Army considered it beneath their dignity to drill their soldiers, until the Baron had set the example, by first drilling the officers, and then sending them to drill the men under their command.

We notice by adv. in the Boston *Journal*, that the first volume of Coolidge & Mansfield's "History and description of New England," (a Historical Gazetteer) is now ready. This volume embraces Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. Its value is enhanced by the fact that every town, however unimportant, has a place, as have also the villages and Post Offices. From the Prospectus, we consider it to be one of the most interesting books published for a long time.

The warm, balmy days we are having this week, are doing a great deal towards ridding us of our usual quantity of mud.

CARPETS.—Those of our friends visiting Portland, who may be in want of Carpeting, can find a large assortment of the latest imported styles at the Free St. Carpet Warehouse.

According to Mrs. Sickles, the intrigue with the late Mr. Key, commenced a year ago this month.

The United States Hotel at Portland is undergoing extended repairs.

F. S. CHANDLER has another lot of those sweet Oranges.

Old Newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, for sale at this Office.

FAVORITISM IN THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—The sending by mail of ambrotypes, daguerreotypes and photographs, is permitted upon the payment of letter postage. To enclose one in a newspaper, paying only newspaper postage, is a violation of the law, and subjects the offender to a penalty of \$5. The general post-office, the other day, received a newspaper, directed to a town in Illinois, containing The Waverly Magazine of March 20th, printed in Boston, enclosing an ambrotype, with a very pretty note, of a beautiful young girl, directed to Mr. E. A. S., of the town aforesaid. Upon consultation, the department did not impose the fine for the reason that so much youth, beauty and propriety as her note evinced, and as her ambrotype exquisitely confessed, could never intend a violation of the statute. It was forwarded to the Illinois post-office, with simple orders to collect the difference of postage. In passing through the circumlocutions of the department, the ambrotype of "Julia" received the emphatic lip-jointing of all the unmarried clerks.—*Washington Star*, 11th.

AN ELEGANT DENTAL ESTABLISHMENT.—If our readers would obtain an idea of the great extent of business in the Dental profession, in this city, we advise them to visit the extensive rooms of Drs. Cummings & Flagg, No. 25 Tremont street, embracing seven apartments devoted expressly to dental practice. Having just refitted and refurnished their rooms, they now present the most elegant and tasteful appearance, surpassing in extent, comfort and convenience, any similar establishment in this country. The beautiful specimens of artificial teeth, single, whole sets, and parts of sets, attract especial attention, and challenge the admiration, not more of the general observer than the strictly scientific, who can fully appreciate their perfect accuracy and beauty. We have often seen commendatory notices of their work, but have never observed the least exaggeration, and not one statement in reference to its excellence which we would not cheerfully endorse, from personal knowledge. The Medals and Diplomas awarded at various times, alone place them at the head of their profession; but to appreciate the skill and superior workmanship of this extensive establishment, the public should call and examine for themselves. We are sure that as their work challenges the admiration of all, so their dental operations are most scientific and skillful.—*Boston Traveller*, Apr. 13.

NEWSPAPER EDITORS.—It would be difficult to compress more in a few words than is found in the following from *Chambers Journal*:

A newspaper editor must, like a poet, be born to his calling, as, in the majority of instances, to amount of training will fit a person for such a post, unless he have a natural taste and aptitude for this description of literary labor; for, although, many persons are to write "leaders," or "literary articles," for a newspaper, few can be entrusted with its editorial control, few can scent out the likelihood which lurks in almost every communication, few can distinguish the report intended to please the storker instead of informing the nation, and the letters written to serve private interests instead of public ends; still fewer who can tell at a glance, the kind of literary or political material which will promote the circulation of a journal—in fact, a good editor's great difficulty is not as to what he should print, but what he should keep out of his columns. Successful editors have not been great authors, but men of good common sense, and their good common sense has taught them to write but little themselves, but to read, judge, select, alter and combine the writings of others.

PRIZES FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS.—The *Maine Spectator*, the new dollar weekly paper for the young, recently commenced at Rockland, offers an attractive prize of two splendid oil paintings to the largest club of subscribers formed at the regular subscription price, and also a series of prizes to its young readers, for the best compositions, largest clubs, &c.

The Spectator is published by Mr. Z. Pope Vose, who is endeavoring to make a paper which shall meet the wants and promote the education and culture of our youth. The paper looks and reads well, and the enterprise has just and reasonable claim upon the parents, teachers and youth of our State. The "Stairway," the department of the paper designed to receive communications from its young readers, is meeting with much favor among the boys and girls.—Such a paper has certainly better claims upon the people of Maine than the flash literature which floods us from abroad. Send for a copy and judge for yourself.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—We have received the May No., of this popular Magazine. It contains fifty-six engravings, seventy-eight pages of readings, and sixteen full length figures of Fashions. Godey's Lady's book is decidedly one of the best Magazines published.

FAST DAY.—We issue our paper this week one day in advance, in order that our printers may enjoy a day of relaxation.

The "Printer" for April is at hand, and is, as usual, full of interest to the craft.

The police of Portland seized 700 gallons of liquor on Friday last.

We hope none of our readers will be humbugged by the Hungarian Grass-seed. Better let it alone, also the Chinese Sugar-cane.

The Bethel Courier.

BETHEL, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1859.

MAILS.

Mails close as follows:—
To Portland,
To Island Pond.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF

Morning train leaves Bethel for 10 1-2 A. M. Returning—arrives Bethel at 4 1-2 P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICE

Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock.
1 1-4 P. M., in the following churches:
First Congregationalist, — Rev. Mr. Second, — Rev. Mr. Universalist, — Rev. Mr.

MEETINGS FOR PRAY

Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, at Bible Class, Tuesday evenings, at Sing Saturday evenings.

ITEMS.

The Bangor Loan Bill passed the late Legislature, the city to loan its credit on Railroad from Milford to Bangor Point, in the sum of \$5 mile, yet not exceed in gross 600; provided said bill to be by a two-thirds vote of voters of Bangor, and two-thirds of the City Council of Bangor submission to be made at within two years.

A company of colored go from Liberia have recently a ship in New York, which the coast. The Hon. J. D. Job the Legislature of Liberia, a poor harbor in New York, is the principals. The ship went some 40 emigrants to. She will sail in a week or two.

As a contrast to the big prevailing in this part of the we notice an advertisement Scotch paper of a furnished in shooting over 800 acres, ten grounds round the house, trout fishing, and every comfort for a gentleman's family, for year.

Assistant Postmaster General is reported as having decided marking a paper with pen or for the purpose of attracting does not subject it to letter. This is an important decision.

Capt. Joe Parks, the old Shawnee chief, died at Westport on the 4th, inst. He had twenty years the ruling spirit the Shawnees on the Missouri, and his loss will be severely his tribe.

Latest California advices re business as dull in San Francisco. The excitement at Shasta has peacefully settled. Miners were well, and news from Fraser more favorable.

Sixteen of the crew of the brig Echo, have been indicted at Charleston, S. C., and will immediately. At Columbia Jury refused to find any bill them.

A Russian merchant announced, in his warehouse at Odessa, Sebastopol, of 7251 tons of east iron, projectiles picked up Crimes after the war.

A young woman named Welch, died in New York, from inhalation of chloroform, who had used to allay the excruciating pain of a decayed tooth.

Strawberries of Maryland have appeared in the Baltimore market. Two barrels of green raised in Virginia, sent Norfolk on Saturday.

In the Supreme Court of Island, last week, thirty-two were divorced from their husbands and seven husbands from their wives.

The receipts at the Patent during the last month are said to be fourteen thousand dollars, the expenses.

Souloague's prime minister, to have cheated the ex-empire of all his ill-gotten money, and joying it at present in Paris.

The Mayor of Reading, ordered the police of that city to arrest all minors hanging about the streets in the evening. Good

The Bethel Courier.

MAILS.
Mails close as follows:—
To Portland, 10 A. M.
To Island Pond, 4 P. M.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
Morning train leaves Bethel for Portland at 10:12 A. M. Returning—arrives from Portland at 4:12 P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.
Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 1:14 P. M., in the following churches:—
First Congregationalist, Rev. Mr. BUCK.
Second, Rev. Mr. GARLAND.
Universalist, Rev. Mr. GAINES.

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.
Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, at the vestry.
Bible Class, Tuesday evenings. Prayer Meeting, Saturday evenings.

ITEMS.

The Bangor Loan Bill, which passed the late Legislature, allows the city to loan its credit in aid of Railroad from Milford to Mattawamkeag Point, in the sum of \$10,000 a mile, not to exceed in gross \$300,000; provided said bill be ratified by a two-thirds vote of the legal voters of Bangor, and two-thirds vote of the City Council of Bangor. The submission to be made at any time within two years.

A company of colored gentlemen from Liberia have recently bought a ship in New York, which they intend for the commerce of the African coast.

The Hon. J. D. Johnson, of the Legislature of Liberia, formerly a poor laborer in New York, is one of the principals. The ship will take out some 40 emigrants to Africa. She will sail in a week or two.

As a contrast to the high rents prevailing in this part of the world we notice an advertisement in a Scotch paper of a furnished mansion, boasting over 500 acres, ten acres of grounds round the house, first-rate trout fishing, and every convenience for a gentleman's family, for \$750 a year.

Assistant Postmaster General Kinz is reported as having decided that marking a paper with pen or pencil, for the purpose of attracting the eye, does not subject it to letter postage. This is an important decision.

Capt. Joe Parks, the celebrated Shawnee chief, died at Westport, Mo., on the 4th inst. He had been for twenty years the ruling spirit among the Shawnees on the Missouri border, and his loss will be severely felt by his tribe.

Latest California advices represent business as dull in San Francisco. The excitement at Shasta had been sensibly settled. Miners were doing well, and news from Frazer river was more favorable.

Station of the crew of the slave brig *Helo*, have been indicted at Charleston, S. C., and will be tried immediately. At Columbia a Grand Jury refused to find any bill against them.

A Russian merchant announces the sale, in his warehouse at Odessa and Sebastopol, of 7351 tons of iron and cast iron, projectiles picked up in the Crimea after the war.

A young woman named Anna Welch, died in New York, from the inhalation of chloroform, which she had used to allay the excruciating pain of a decayed tooth.

Strawberries of Maryland growth have appeared in the Baltimore market. Two barrels of green peas, raised in Virginia, sent North from Norfolk on Saturday.

In the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, last week, thirty-two wives were divorced from their husbands, and seven husbands from their wives.

The receipts at the Patent Office during the last month are said to have been fourteen thousand dollars above the expenses.

Soulouque's prime minister, is said to have cheated the ex-emperor out of all his ill-gotten money, and is enjoying it at present in Paris.

The Mayor of Reading, Pa., has ordered the police of that city to arrest all minors hanging about bar-rooms in the evening. Good thing.

Visit to the Insane Asylum.

In company with several others, I recently visited the Insane Asylum, at Augusta.

It was a beautiful day, and though our party was all life and gaiety, as we passed along, our minds became saddened as we approached that noble stone structure, and were led, as we gazed upon its grated windows and granite walls, to reflect upon the sorrow and anguish, the blasted hopes and shattered intellects, and all the physical and mental horrors, that were shut up within the wards, and cells of that cold, gray granite structure. What, alas! is man! to-day a God in intellect.— Grasping at a universe, with wisdom approximating as it were to duty, to-morrow, perhaps a raving maniac, a giant in strength, but in mind a dwarf, or may be a devil in human shape, a God-like form from whose throne the mind had fled. And, may be, sadder still, fair woman, mother, sister or loving friend, who but yesterday was as an angel bright, with all those mental qualities and divine charms which we so admire and almost adore, that she an angel seemed, to-day is but a fiend or idiot in human shape. Sad thought! yet it is but a great lesson, which all must learn of human frailty and the uncertainty of all human hopes and aspirations! Life is but a shadow!

By the politeness of Dr. Harlow, the Superintendent, we were conducted through the building, and were shown the greater portion of the patients now within the institution. On inquiry I learned that there were about two hundred and fifty inmates, which is nearly the number that can be accommodated comfortably in the present building. We found those of almost every age, from the child of a few summers to the man of gray hairs, from the girl of fifteen years with youth and physical beauty, but no mental soundness, upwards along through all ages, to the mother who has seen her children become, in their turn, heads of families and fulfilling the duties of life.

And the state of minds are as varied and multifarious as their ages and outward appearances. There you will see one that is an idiot, in appearance docile, listless, taking no notice of what is going on around them; there is another, wild and ungovernable, full of fright, and invoking curses upon everything real or imaginary; and again you may look in upon one on whose countenance you can read the pleasant thoughts and gay, fancy painted pictures that are flitting across the mind and clothe the material and immaterial world with unreal beauties.

On the faces of some, despair is darkly depicted and tells a sad tale of blasted hopes. Some are inclined to fun and frolic, disposed to laugh and joke, while others are all seriousness, and look upon all levity as a sin for which there is no pardon, and a shame for which there is no excuse or palliation. One has method in his madness, and would almost convince you of his sanity, while, in fact, he was laboring under a mental hallucination; another talks in snatches and incoherent sentences, showing that the mind is shattered, and the thoughts all run wild without guide or tutor.

An old man lives over his boyish days, and again sports upon his native hill or roams through the flowery meadows, where his youthful summers were spent; a mother calls for her children that are dead or absent, and curses time and fate that interpose any barrier to the realization of her fond delusion or fancy cherished hopes.

The young maiden raves in her madness of him she loved, and perhaps has spurned her love, or may be more wicked still, has won but to betray. One fair being talked much of her father's home amid the Prairies of the West, and seemed to behold all painted upon the sky, the panoramic view of the fair scene which ever haunts her disordered fancy. Thus we see what we may be, and what we hope to avoid; let us all thank God for reason, and pray that when reason's lamp shall cease to burn, may we be permitted to resign our commission of life and lay all our weapons by; for the friends we love, may it be thus.

NOTICE.

J. S. ABBOTT, JOHN S. ABBOTT

DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Of every description.

He is also fully prepared to put in perfect order all kinds of WATCHES & CLOCKS and warrant them, also all kinds of JEWELRY repaired. New glasses in old Spectacle bows.

All Goods sold or work done by him will be warranted as he represents.

Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange. Letter Engraving neatly executed.

Work done at short notice.

Bethel Hill, Dec. 10, 1859.

ISLAND POND HOTEL,
Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here.
Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the HOUSE FREE OF CHARGE.

Stables and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel.

G. G. WATERHOUSE, Proprietor.

J. G. RICH,
HUNTER, TRAPPER,
And Guide.

Letter B, Oxford Co., Me.
March 13, 1860.

CHEAP FOR

CASH!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS!

adapted to the

COUNTRY TRADE!

Constantly on hand at

KIMBALL'S.

During, March 18, 1859. 16-12

ECONOMIZE

To Families in the Country.

Every body has heard of the famous CHINA TEA WAREHOUSE,

194 Washington St., Boston.

and there is hardly a family within twenty miles of Boston, whose cup of

TEA AND COFFEES!

are not used. We sell every description of GREEN AND BLACK TEAS,

and our prices range from 25 cents per pound up to one dollar. We sell good family tea (black) for 35 cents. The above Teas are as good as newly sold in Country Stores for 50 cents per pound.

We buy more TEAS & COFFEES, and sell more and cheaper than any other establishment in New England.

Our COFFEES are FRESH every day, and for purity are unequalled.

Ten neatly packed in 10 pound chests, for family use.

For the convenience of those going to the railroad, we have PLAIN WHITE STICKS at No. 15 Union street, two doors from the corner of HUNTER STREET, (Just below)

At 110 Court street, (above printed red 1)

At corner of Beach and Albany streets.

At corner of Washington and Pine streets.

Call on us when you come to Bethel, and give us a good trial. Orders solicited by express.

THOMAS G. WHITALL,
105 Washington Street, Boston.

FOR SALE.

A FARM, Situated in BETHEL, on the north side of the Androscoggin River, formerly owned by SIMON TWITCHELL, two miles from Bethel Hill, (up the river). Said farm consists of ten acres of intervals, on the bank of the river, sixteen of plain and about three or four acres of pine growth as handsome as can be found in the State; number of trees fifteen hundred, and will average from twelve to sixteen inches through and from sixty to eighty-five feet in height. Also, about eight acres of Swale land, and eight of upland with a good orchard on it that has just commenced bearing, all choice engalised fruit, with plums, cherries and pumpkins. Also, a piece of swamp and meadow of two or three acres, and twenty acres of pasture. The farm is divided into eight lots for convenience in saving fall feed.

A good House and sheds, and a large barn. A good road, and a sugar place of eight acres, a cedar lot and a pasture of five-two acres. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber.

HIRAM TWITCHELL,
Bethel, March 16, 1859. 16-14

CAUTION!

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a Note of Hand, signed by the subscriber, and running to GEORGE C. COLE dated Greenwood, February 28, 1859, or thereabouts, for the sum of Eighteen Dollars, payable in the month of August, 1859, as I have received no value for the same.

DENNIS W. COLE,
Greenwood, April 4, 1859. 16-17

HAIR CUTTING, Shaving and Shampoing by
ALFRED TWITCHELL,
Bethel Hill, Me.

NOTICE.

J. S. ABBOTT, JOHN S. ABBOTT

DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Of every description.

He is also fully prepared to put in perfect order all kinds of WATCHES & CLOCKS and warrant them, also all kinds of JEWELRY repaired. New glasses in old Spectacle bows.

All Goods sold or work done by him will be warranted as he represents.

Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange. Letter Engraving neatly executed.

Work done at short notice.

Bethel Hill, Dec. 10, 1859.

ISLAND POND HOTEL,
Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here.
Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the HOUSE FREE OF CHARGE.

Stables and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel.

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HAIR CUTTING, Shaving and Shampoing by
ALFRED TWITCHELL,
Bethel Hill, Me.

WATCHES & JEWELRY

THE ONLY POSITIVELY
FIRE PROOF SAFE!

IN THE WORLD.

WHEN THE CONTENTS OF SAFES ARE DESTROYED BY FIRE THEY ARE INvariably burned by heat being conducted to them and the inside wood casing, through the door and doorway by the iron bolts and plates forming and fastening the iron box to the outside iron plate of the door, and joining directly to the inside wood casing, thus forming a continuous conductor of the heat, heat-conducting material from the outside directly upon the inside wood casing, and contents of the safe.

All safes, save ours, are thus built.

Examine your Safe Door!

THE MARLAND PATENT

SAFE is so constructed as to entirely cut off all communication of heat in this part by containing the door and the door-way of escape, or other equally non-conducting material as to have no iron bolts running through the door, or iron plate around the doorway, nor any connections from the outer to the inner part of the safe, thereby keeping the interior and contents of the safe as effectually protected from all heat that can be applied to the door, as in any other portion of the safe.

M. B. BICLOW & ANSON HARDY,
Manufacturers and Proprietors, 18
33 School Street, Opposite City Hall,
BOSTON, MASS.

Feathers and Mattresses!

EDWARD H. BURGIN

MANUFACTURES

Best Hair, Duck and Excelsior

MATRESSES

ALSO—ON HAND

Live Geese

AND

RUSSIA FEATHERS,

At Free Street Carpet Warehouse,

Chambers No. 1 & 2 Free St. Block,
Portland, Me.

Feb. 25, 1859. 4m11

D. L. MITCHELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANT!

and Broker in

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

PAINTS, &c.,

102 Middle St., opposite Caven Bank,
PORTLAND, ME.

Every variety of Goods in the Market, furnished at short notice, and at the very lowest cash prices.

Being in constant correspondence with New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other Markets, I am enabled to keep posted as to the Houses selling lowest, and can make it for the interest of the trade to give me a call.

2m11

Elm House,

Federal, Corner of Temple St.,
PORTLAND, ME.

S. M. MARBLE & CO., Proprietors.

A. W. MARBLE, W. E. STEVENS,
151 1/2 E. W. MARBLE

INGERSOLLS'

Eating House!

77 Middle Street,

(Three doors west of Post Office.)

PORTLAND, MAINE. 71

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

CORNER WILLOW AND POSE STREETS,
Opposite the Old Custom House, 7

Portland, Me.

N. J. DAVIS, Proprietor.

KILLING AND CURING!

STRYCHNINE FOR KILLING FOXES, AND PA-
TENT MEDICINES FOR CURING PEOPLE,
For sale by

J. S. ABBOTT,
Bethel Hill, Dec. 7, 1859. 16

A FEW BOARDERS

CAN be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms by applying at the Couriers Office.

THE ONLY POSITIVELY
FIRE PROOF SAFE!

IN THE WORLD.

WHEN THE CONTENTS OF SAFES ARE DESTROYED BY FIRE THEY ARE INvariably burned by heat being conducted to them and the inside wood casing, through the door and doorway by the iron bolts and plates forming and fastening the iron box to the outside iron plate of the door, and joining directly to the inside wood casing, thus forming a continuous conductor of the heat, heat-conducting material from the outside directly upon the inside wood casing, and contents of the safe.

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CAN be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms by applying at the Couriers Office.

THE ONLY POSITIVELY
FIRE PROOF SAFE!

IN THE WORLD.

Poetry.

WANTED-A MINISTER.

We have been without a pastor
Some eighteen months or more,
Though candidates are plenty—
We've heard at least a score—
All of them "tip-top" preachers,
Or so their letters ran.

The first who came among us,
By no means was the worst,
But then we didn't think of him
Because he was the first;
It being quite the custom
To sacrifice a few.

Before a church in earnest
Determines what to do.
There was a smart young fellow,
With serious earnest way,
Who but for one great blunder
Had surely won the day.

Who left so good impression,
On Munday one or two
Went round among the people,
To see if he would do.
The pious, golly portion
Had not a fault to find.

His clear and searching preaching
They thought the very kind;
And all went smooth and pleasant
Until they heard the views
Of some influential sinners
Who rent the highest pew.

On these, his pungent dealing
Made but a sorry hit;
That sort of Gospel teaching
Was quite too tight a fit—
Of course his fate was settled,
Attend, ye persons all!

And preach to please the sinners
If you would get a call!
Next came a spruce young dandy
Who wore his hair too long;
Another's coat was shabby,
And his voice not over strong.

And one, a nice young student,
Was worse than all of those,
We couldn't hear the sermon,
For thinking of his nose.
Then warning of candidates,
We looked the country through,
Mid doctors and professors,
To find one that would do.

On who should hear the ark,
With tolerable agreement,
We fixed on Dr. Parke.
Here then we thought it settled,
But were amazed to find
Our flattering invitation
Respectfully declined.

We turned to Dr. Hopkins
To help us in the lurch,
Who strangely thought his "College"
Had claims above "our church."
Next we dispatched committees
By twos and threes, to urge
The labors for a Sabbath
Of the Rev. Shallow Spurge.

He came, a marked sensation—
So wonderful his style—
Followed the creaking of his boots
As he passed along the aisle.
His tones were so affecting,
His gesture so divine,
A lady fainted in the hymn
Before the second line.

And on that all he says,
In accents clear and loud,
The greatest prayer ever addressed
To an enlightened crowd.
He preached a double sermon,
And gave us angel's food
On such a lovely topic,
"The joys of Solitude."

All full of sweet descriptions
Of flowers and pearly streams,
Of warbling birds and moon-lit groves,
And golden sunset beams.
Of faith and true repentance
He nothing had to say;
He rounded all his sermons,
And smoothed the rugged way.

Managed with great address
To entertain and please,
And leave a sinner's conscience
Completely at its ease.
Six hundred is the salary
We gave in former days,
We thought it very liberal,
And found it hard to raise;

But when we took the paper,
We had no need to urge
To raise a cool two thousand
For the Rev. Shallow Spurge.
In vain were all our efforts,
We had no chance at all,
We found ten city churches
Had given him a call.

And he in prayerful waiting,
Was keeping all in tow,
But where they had the highest,
"Twas whispered he would go.
And now, good Christian brothers,
We ask your earnest prayer,
That God would send a shepherd
To guide our church affairs.

With this clear understanding,
A man to meet our views,
Must preach to please the sinners
And fill the vacant pews.

How HE PROVED IT.—A lover had
been offered a kiss if he would prove
that locomotives are accustomed to
chew tobacco, as well as smoke out of
their pipes:—

Giving his arms the proper gank,
To imitate an engine crank;
The motion forward first to shew,
And then the backward motion too;
Eager to prove the promised prize,
He puckered his lips and twinkled his eyes.
To smother her:
"Observe the sound
As the crank comes round."
He ARCTIC said:
"It's choo-choo-choo-choo,
To go ahead,
And choo-choo-choo-choo
To-backer."

For the Courier.

The Melancholy Fate of a Young Poet.

It was on a bleak, cold day in winter, when the winds howled mournfully through the trees, that a young man enveloped in a cloak, passed rapidly along the street of the little village of Johnstown. By close observation, any one would perceive that his face was the picture of despair, almost amounting to an expression of horror. His dress though coarse, wore an aspect of neatness seldom seen on one of the class to which our hero belonged. Let us follow him; he walked on until he came to the farther, and most obscure part of the village, halted before a large old fashioned dwelling, and ascending the front steps, he passed up a flight of rickety stairs, then into a dark passage, at the end of which he opened a door and entered a small apartment, scantily furnished and containing but very few of the luxuries which are necessary to render any one comfortable. Divesting himself of his cloak and cap, he employed himself in kindling a fire, which being done, he seated himself at the table and endeavored to write, with the thought of making money by so doing. In his boyish days he had entered the ranks of literature, but disappointment after disappointment, and poverty had been his fate and hope had become dim in his sick soul—and now—he was writing with the vain hope of gaining money, any trifle, by his pen. Here he was unknown, and alone, struggling to obtain something to keep himself from starving, yet! starving, here in the midst of a thriving people. He had genius, but they knew it not, for all his writings were rejected, and returned to him, yet! even while he was suffering for the necessities of life—his efforts were bringing him madness misery, but not money. He was now in despair, for the only manuscript he had in the hands of the publisher had been returned but an hour before—one on which he had expended all his powers—one on which he had trusted most.

He had dreamed only the night before that it had been accepted and brought him gold, and was for a moment happy, but now all his hopes were crushed. He arose from the table and again sallied into the street, but this time with a bolder step, and his countenance wore an expression of firm resolve. When he again entered the apartment the light of day had deepened into the shades of evening, he lighted a miserable candle and throwing himself upon his couch, he drew from his pocket a small phial and with a fearful effort drank off its contents.

Three days passed and nothing had been heard of the young poet, when a traveler passing the house entered in order to ascertain the direction to a neighboring town. Seeing its inmate lying motionless he approached the bed—what was his horror to find him cold and stiff in the embrace of death. A phial labelled Prussic Acid, clutched in the cold hand told too plainly the horrible truth—the youth had taken poison.

And thus died the noble Francis Austin, who, had it not been for his extreme poverty, might have been an ornament to society and an honor to the world. And for this, he passed unnoticed and utterly disregarded by those who, in the true word, were far his inferiors.

Oh, Poverty, how much thy votaries are doomed to endure!

The Post Office Department has concluded an arrangement with Commodore Vanderbilt for the transportation of the mails between New York and Southampton from April till November. Steamers are to start on alternate Saturdays from this side, and on alternate Saturdays from the other side.

Mr. Brookfield, formerly Mayor of Nebraska City, writes from Boulder City, March 6, that discoveries have been made in the mountain, of coarse gold, which pays \$5 per day with rockers, and much more with sluices.

ACROSTICAL ENIGMA.

Composed of 18 letters.

My 1 2 12 8 is a small pool or lake.
My 2 11 9 13 is a kind of grain.
My 3 6 18 is a troublesome animal.
My 4 11 12 is to embrown.
My 5 2 7 is a nickname.
My 6 12 7 is a girl's name.
My 7 2 8 is to bend the head.
My 8 6 12 is a nickname.
My 9 11 17 is to touch lightly.
My 10 16 5 5 is a small brook.
My 11 7 18 is an insect.
My 12 2 9 is a particle of negation.
My 13 6 16 5 is an expanded sheet.
My 14 11 17 is a covering for the head.
My 15 6 1 is a quick smart blow.
My 16 8 11 is a girl's name.
My 17 16 12 is to fasten.
My 18 16 7 is a common metal.
My whole is a Newspaper published in Maine.

Locke's Mills, Me.

CONCERNUM.—Why is the tune "Old Hundred" like a loaf of bread?

ANSWERS TO THE LAST.

To Enigma:
Abbot's Jewelry Store
Burnham & Mord's Carriage Shop
Blake's Grocery Store
Chapman's Dry Goods Store
Chandler's Dry Goods Store
Curtis Office
Davis' Dry Goods Store
Foster's Dry Goods Store
Godard's Cabinet Shop
Hayden's Store
Kimball's Dry Goods Store
Mason's Dry Goods Store
McCluskey's Tailor Shop
Russell's Jewelry Store
Robertson's Cabinet Shop
Small's Photograph Gallery
Twichell's Shoe Shop
Young's Boot and Shoe Store.

Answered by Mary J. Twitchell, George M. Twitchell, C. J. C. L. K. A. S. T., Bethel.

TO CONCERNUM.—Because he gets out gutter stuff.

R. A. CHAPMAN,

WOULD respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of

Dry Goods!

well adapted to the present season, consisting of

Broadcloths

Cassimeres,

Dooskins,

Satinets,

Alapaccas,

Lyonese,

MUSLIN DeLANES,

VALENCIA PLAIDS,

Ladies' Cloths,

A great variety of PRINTS, Bleached and un-

Bleached Cottons, and Warp Yarns.

Also—a good stock of

FLOUR!

Of different brands, and a general assortment

of W. I. GOODS, and

GROCERIES,

Crockery and Glass-Ware,

HARDWARE and CUTLERY,

NAILS and GLASS, BOOTS,

SHOES and LEATHER,

Feathers,

Ready-Made Clothing

and CARPETINGS.

Hats, Caps,

—AND—

BUFFALO ROBES!!

All of the above Goods will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH, or pay down, and persons coming into the place for the purpose of buying Goods, are respectfully invited to call and examine his present Stock of Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

R. A. C. wants in exchange for Goods and Cash, 3000 Bushels of Oats, 500 Bushels White Beans, 5 Tons of Pork, 2 Tons of Butter, 2 Tons Dried Apples, Clover Seed, Herd's Grass Seed, Cheese, Poultry, and Wool Skins.

Bethel, Dec. 30, 1858. 34

Employment

A MONTH and all EXPENSES PAID. An agent is wanted in every town and county in the United States, to engage in a respectable and easy business, by which the above profits may be certainly realized. For further particulars, address Dr. J. HENRY WARNER, corner of Broome and Mercer Streets, New York City, enclosing one postage stamp. 6mo1.

Carpeting

EDWARD H. BURGIN,

Is now Receiving a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

of

NEW CARPETING,

OIL CLOTHS,

Curtain Goods,

Rugs, Matting, &c.,

Selected with great care, for the

SPRING TRADE,

Which he offers very low

FOR CASH,

AT THE

Free Street Carpet Warehouse,

Portland, Me.

Chambers over H. J. Libby & Co

Feb. 25, 1858. 4m11

DAVIS & BRADLEY,

General Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR AND CORN,

No. 27 Commercial St.,

(Head Portland Pier.) 74

Portland, Me.

J. ALLEN DAVIS ROBERT BRADLEY

F. O. STAPLES, Agent,

DEALER IN

PERIODICALS:

NEWSPAPERS:

STATIONERY,

FANCY GOODS,

Foreign and Domestic Fruit,

TOBACCO!

CIGARS!

Also—Agent for all the Popular

PATENT MEDICINES,

Hair Restoratives, &c.,

65 Middle St., opp. Post Office,

PORTLAND, ME. 3m15

THE GREAT EASTERN

Will come next Summer to

Portland.

THE Subscriber Manufactures and keeps the

Largest Assortment of

Candies, Nuts,

Cigars,

Tobacco,

CONSERVES for INVALIDS,

Native Grape Juice, Etc.

Also—Original, Pure Refined

Spruce Gum.

All of the above Goods are of the first qual-

ity, bought and sold for CASH, at wholesale or

retail, at the very lowest rates.

Also—Sole Agents for the

Boston Friction Match Co's

CARD MATCHES, the BEST MATCH in the

world. Call and see!

B. Pearson,

105 Federal St., 5 Doors above the Elm

House, PORTLAND, ME.

Portland, March 11, 1859. 134

CARHON'S PATENT

BROADCAST SEED SOWER

FOR SOWING

Wheat, Oats, Barley,

Grass-Seed, &c.

Patented Sept. 1st, 1857. Re-issued May

11th, 1859.

PATENTED IN EUROPE.

The Horse Power Machine,

At the walking gait of a horse, sows from

ten to fifteen acres per hour.

The Hand Machine,

At the walking gait of a man, sows from

four to eight acres per hour.

These machines are substantially built,

and do the work in a very superior

manner, as numerous certificates

from those who have used

them fully prove.

They have taken the 1st Prizes at the

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL

FAIR, held at Richmond, Va., 1858.

Also,—At Missouri State Fair, in a grand

trial of Broadcast Seed Sowers, held at St.

Louis, Mo., 1858. Kentucky State Fair,

held at Louisville, Ky., 1858, "with high

commendation of the committee." Mich-

igan State Fair, held at Detroit, 1859.

Pennsylvania State Fair, held at Pitts-

burg, 1858. Maine State Fair, held at

Augusta, 1858; and at numerous other

State and County Fairs.

The HAND MACHINE, which is es-

pecially adapted to the Farms of New

England, is built of iron, and will last a

man his life-time.

A person can sow with it and do the

work perfectly, who has had no experience

in sowing, whatever—and a saving of at

least three-fourths of the labor is made by

its use.

A complete division of the seed is effect-

ed, and each kernel falls separately upon

the ground, causing great regularity of

distribution, and giving the best opportunity

for the growth and development of the

grain. As a result of which, a large sav-

ing of seed is made, (estimated by some to

be fully one-third,) and an increased and

better crop is produced.

For sale on liberal terms and prices by

GILMAN CHAPMAN,

Bethel, Me.

Or by

D. H. FURBISH, Proprietor.

CHAS. W. CAHOON,

Corresponding Agent.

Office—York Street—Opposite Port-

land Sugar House.

PORTLAND, Maine.

Circulars containing certificates

from Farmers who have used the Machines,

forwarded on application as above.

Jan. 7, 1859. 15 11

B. P. YOUNG,

DEALER IN

Boots & Shoes.

WOULD call the attention of his friends and

the public to his Winter Stock.

His goods are noted with great care, and

he feels confident that he can furnish an Ar-

ticle equal to any in this section.

He also manufactures to measure, Women's

Missses' and Children's Shoes.

Store in Chapman's Block.

Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1858. 17

Gold and Silver

SPECTACLES

100 suit all ages, together with a good assort-

ment of useful and FANCY GOODS, such

as

WALLETS,

PORT MONIES,

SCISSORS,

HAIR BRUSHES,

TOYS,

RAZORS,

PERFUMERY,

HAIR OIL,

POCKET KNIVES,

Gold and Steel PENS, Violin Strings, and a

great many other goods not specified here.